





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS Washington, D.C. 20231 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FI	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
09/836,690	(	04/17/2001	Bernard Gilder	00216-396003 / Case 4225	00216-396003 / Case 4225 7984		
26161	7590	04/01/2003					
FISH & RI		SON PC		EXAMINER			
225 FRANK BOSTON, N		)		PETERSON, K	PETERSON, KENNETH E		
				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
				3724 DATE MAILED: 04/01/2003	13		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

				<del></del>				
•	Application No.		Applicant(s)	M >				
	09/836,690		GILDER ET AL.	1				
Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit					
	Kenneth E Peters		3724					
Th MAILING DATE of this communication apperent of r Reply	ears on the cover	sh et with the c	orrespondence ad	dress				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply if NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute,  - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status	6(a). In no event, howe within the statutory min ill apply and will expire s cause the application to	ever, may a reply be tim imum of thirty (30) days SIX (6) MONTHS from to become ABANDONED	ely filed will be considered timely the mailing date of this co (35 U.S.C. § 133).	y. ommunication.				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>06 N</u>	lovember 2002 .	•						
2a)⊠ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)□ Thi	s action is non-fi	nal.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa closed in accordance with the practice under <i>t</i>				e merits is				
Disposition of Claims								
4) ○ Claim(s) 1-12 is/are pending in the application.		ido estis s						
4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>2 and 4-11</u> is/are with	drawn from cons	deration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,3,12</u> is/are rejected. 7)□ Claim(s) is/are objected to.								
<u> </u>	ologion roggino							
<ul><li>8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or Application Papers</li></ul>	election requirer	ment.						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner	<u>.</u>							
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accept		ed to by the Exan	niner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the		-						
11)☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on	is: a)□ approve	ed b) disappro	ved by the Examine	er.				
If approved, corrected drawings are required in rep	ly to this Office act	ion.						
12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa	aminer.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120								
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35	U.S.C. § 119(a)	-(d) or (f).					
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:								
1. Certified copies of the priority documents	have been rece	ived.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents	have been rece	ived in Applicatio	on No					
<ul> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>								
14)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic	priority under 35	5 U.S.C. § 119(e	) (to a provisional	application).				
a)  The translation of the foreign language prov 15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic				•				
Attachment(s)	•	<b>50</b> -35						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) 🔲		(PTO-413) Paper No( atent Application (PT0					

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1. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

- 2. Claims 1,3 and 12 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1,6 and 8 of U.S. Patent No. 6,216,349. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because all of the subject matter of current claims 1,3 and 12 can be found in claims 1,6 and 8 of U.S. Patent No. 6,216,349.
- 3. Claims 1,3 and 12 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1,2 and 3 of U.S. Patent No. 6,212,777. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because all of the subject matter of current claims 1,3 and 12 can be found in claims 1,2 and 3 of U.S. Patent No. 6,212,777.
- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the

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invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

5. Claims 1,3,12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Welsh who shows a razor having a guard (e.g.19), a cap (e.g.20) and three parallel blades (line 54 of column 2).

Welsh does not set forth the specific blade exposures from Applicant's claim 1. However, on lines 31-33 of column 4, Welsh states that "the second or follower blade can be given a greater exposure than would be desirable for the first or leading blade". Welsh goes on to say that "Either the leading blade or both blades may be given a negative exposure".

Given Welsh's teaching that the leading blade could have a negative exposure, and Welsh's teaching that following blades should have a higher, non-negative exposure, and Welsh's teaching that following blades can have a positive exposure, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have set the blade so that the first blade had a negative exposure and the third blade have a positive exposure.

More generally, Welsh teaches having a exposure differential of +0.003" between leading blades and following blades. Welsh gives examples of exposures for the leading blades of –0.003" and +0.003", but one of ordinary skill would recognize that one could pick any exposure therebetween as a starting point. For example, for the exposure of the leading edge, one could pick –0.001". Following Welsh's teachings, the second blade would have an exposure 0.003" higher, which would be 0.002", and the third blade would have an exposure 0.003" higher, which would be 0.005".

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In regards to claims 3 and 12, Welsh's drawings show spans between the guard and the first and second blades that are roughly proportional to Applicant's claimed spans. If it is interpreted that Welsh's spans are not 1mm, 1.5mm, 1.5mm respectively, then it is deemed that it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have arrived at these numbers by routine experimentation because the specific spans do not offer unexpected results that differ in kind and not merely in degree from the spans of Welsh. In re Aller, 105 USPQ 233 (CCPA 1955).

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6. Applicant's arguments have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

On lines 27-53 of column 4, Welsh states that the blades act in succession and that the following blades should have greater exposure. Welsh also teaches having three blades (line 54, column 2). In order to comply with Welsh's teaching, one of ordinary skill would place each of the following blades at a greater exposure, thus resulting in the claimed invention.

7. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any

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extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later

than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Ken Peterson whose telephone number is 703-308-

2186. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday thru Thursday between 7am

and 4pm. If attempts to reach the examiner are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Allan Shoap can be reached on 703-308-1082.

In lieu of mailing, it is encouraged that all formal responses be faxed to 703-872-

9302. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should

be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-1148.

kp

March 25, 2003

KENNETH E. PETERSON PRIMARY EXAMINER

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